



ASSESSMENT OF DATA, CAPACITIES AND GAPS FOR THE MONITORING, REPORTING AND VERIFICATION OF FOREST CARBON STOCKS (MRV) IN CAMEROON, FOR CIFOR'S GLOBAL COMPARATIVE STUDY ON REDD+ (GCS)

Ref.
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| Expert(s) | Country | Volume (md) | Amount* (€) | Beneficiary | Funding | Start date | End date | Partner(s) | Reference |
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| Detailed description of the project | Services provided |
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| <p>Tropical forest countries are beginning to develop policies and initiate projects aimed at reducing emissions from deforestation and forest degradation, including conservation, the enhancement of forest carbon stocks and sustainable forest management (REDD+).</p> <p>The institutions active on these issues - including project proponents, government ministries, donors, United Nations agencies and civil society - need to know the successes and difficulties related to this REDD+ mechanism.</p> <p>Given the urgency of climate change, pilot programs are implemented without the support of detailed documentation on the specific aspects of REDD+. This information is nonetheless needed in real time.</p> <p>To aid the research and knowledge-sharing process, the CIFOR and its partner organizations are undertaking a Global Comparative Study (GCS) on the implementation of REDD+ pilot projects around the world.</p> <p>Implemented over 4 years, the study aims at drawing lessons from REDD+ initiatives at national and subnational levels, in 13 countries - Bolivia, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, the Democratic Republic of Congo, Indonesia, Mozambique, Nepal, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Tanzania and Vietnam. The principle goal of the GCS is to provide policy makers and practitioner communities with the relevant information, analysis and methods needed to ensure the effective, cost-efficient and equitable reduction of carbon emissions as well as co-benefits.</p> <p>The expert was involved in the GCS to establish a country profile for Cameroon, concerning capacities for monitoring, reporting and verification of forests carbon stocks and forest carbon stocks evolutions (MRV).</p> | <p>1/ Participation in the assessment of institutional capacities for the MRV;</p> <p>2/ Description of available data and current capacities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Activity data for MRV : past and current data and data under development, in terms of cartography, remote sensing, forest cover change analysis, information systems on resources and agricultural statistics; • Summary of data sources for FRA 2010 report and UNFCCC national communications; • Available data and approaches to support spatial planning and land use management on the national and subnational level; • Assessment of technical capacities in terms of cartography and remote sensing. Use of evolving technologies such as Radar, LIDAR, advanced methods for field measurements, etc. <p>3/ Assessment of expected future developments affecting forest carbon stocks: agriculture, mining, biofuel production, hydroelectricity and other infrastructures;</p> <p>4/ Gap assessment for international (IPCC Good practices guidelines), national and sub-national (REDD-related projects) requirements.</p> <p>5/ Recommendations for anticipated steps and actions to fill gaps (in data, eligibility, capacities and methodologies).</p> <p>The results were used by the CIFOR to draft reports for the Global comparative study on REDD+ (http://www.forestsclimatechange.org/global-comparative-study-on-redd.html).</p> |